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Lesson 3

These are my family photos.

〈be 動詞 (1)〉

1 イコール(＝)を表す be 動詞

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>主語</th>
<th>現在形</th>
<th>過去形</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Satoshi</td>
<td>I am</td>
<td>was</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

单数 (Yuki, The train, Our dog, This, He, She, It, ...)

複数 (Tom and Pat, Those books, We, They, ...)

You are were

「僕の名前はサトシです」のように「My name = Satoshi」という関係を表すには be 動詞を使います。
イコールの右側には「なに」「どんな」「どこ」の 3 種類の語句がきます。

2 主語によって形を変える be 動詞

人称にかかわらず「単数は is」、「複数は are」です。ただし I と you は例外です。

3 be 動詞の肯定文・否定文・疑問文

肯定文 : They are college students.

否定文 : They are not college students.

疑問文 : Are they college students?

is not, are not の短縮形は isn't, aren't。 am not → amn't は ×。 I'm not が ○。
4 be 動詞の疑問文・一般動詞の疑問文

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>be 動詞</th>
<th>一般動詞</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>You are Japanese.</td>
<td>You like Japanese food.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are you Japanese?</td>
<td>Do you like Japanese food?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5 形容詞の 2 つの使い方

① be 動詞の後：人・もの = どんな

Pinkie is clever.

② 名詞の前： どんな 人・もの

a clever dog

②の用法では形容詞は名詞句の一部となり、主語、目的語などの位置に現れます。

Yuki has a clever dog. The clever dog sleeps beside her bed.

Warming Up ▲▼▲▼▲▼▲▼

〈形容詞〉

【1】反対の意味を表す形容詞はどれでしょう。

1. married （single fresh） 2. difficult （easy quiet）
3. busy （healthy free） 4. expensive （interesting cheap）
5. wrong （light right） 6. dangerous （ready safe）

【2】左の形容詞の意味を右から選び、線で結びましょう。

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>lazy</th>
<th>kind</th>
<th>hardworking</th>
<th>outgoing</th>
<th>shy</th>
<th>cheerful</th>
<th>patient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(答えは次の通りです。)

1. unmarried 2. easy 3. unhealthy 4. cheap 5. right 6. fearless

Let’s Try (CD 11)

ユキが、同級生のサトシに2枚の家族写真を見せています。1つは10年前のもの、もう1つは最近撮ったものです。2人の会話を読んで右の表を完成させましょう。

S: Is this you, Yuki?
Y: Yes. I was in elementary school at that time. The boy next to me is my little brother, Ryo. He was three years old and he was a nursery school student. He was so sweet. Now he goes to junior high school. He is lazy. He forgets his homework very often.
S: Is this tall boy your big brother?
Y: Yes. He was a high school student. He lives in America now, so he isn’t in the picture on the right. He is a hardworking engineer. The man next to me is my father.
S: I saw him on TV the other day. Is he an actor?
Y: No. He is a jazz musician. He began playing the saxophone in his group when I was born. This is my mother. She was an office worker, but she quit working when my grandmother moved in with our family two years ago. Now she works as a volunteer at a nursing home. She is kind but shy.
S: You look like your mother when she was young, Yuki.
Y: Really? But we aren’t alike in character. Maybe I take after my father. I am cheerful and outgoing. I want to be a flight attendant after graduation.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>person</th>
<th>character</th>
<th>occupation (10 years ago)</th>
<th>occupation (now)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yuki</td>
<td></td>
<td>college student</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Father</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mother</td>
<td></td>
<td>housewife</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Big brother</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little brother</td>
<td></td>
<td>nursery school student</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grandmother</td>
<td>kind, patient</td>
<td>hairdresser</td>
<td>retiree</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exercises**

A. 下のA～Fの文の主語に ____ を引き、be動詞を○で囲みましょう。また、下の表の①～③のどのタイプにあてはまるか、( )に番号を書き入れなさい。

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>主語</th>
<th>=</th>
<th>なに / どんな / どこ</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Satoshi       | is         | ① a student.  なに（名詞）
|               |            | ② hungry.  どんな（形容詞）
|               |            | ③ in the gym.  どこ（場所の表現）

A. I am at the station. (  )
B. Is your mother at home? (  )
C. Is this tall boy your brother? (  )
D. She was a cheerful girl. (  )
E. These bags aren’t heavy. (  )
F. He isn’t in the picture. (  )

B. (  )に適語を入れて疑問文を作りなさい。（CD 12）

1. I am hungry. (  ) breakfast ready?
2. Seven times three is twenty-one. (  ) I right, Mom?
3. (  ) he oversleep this morning again?
文の形を変えなさい。（CD 13）

1. Haruhiko and his family live in Chicago. （疑問文に）

2. Their favorite dishes are chicken salad and spaghetti. （疑問文に）

3. Their apartment is near a big park. （否定文に）

（　）中の語句を並べ替えて、ユキとサトシの会話を完成させなさい。（CD 14）

S: ①（this / a picture / is / of your family）?

Y: No. They are my big brother’s family. He is married.

S: ②（tall woman / your sister-in-law / this / is）?

Y: Yes. She is American. They live in Chicago.

③（the picture / not / my brother / in / is）. He took this picture.

S: ④（speak / his children / English / do）?

Y: My niece speaks Japanese and English. But my nephew doesn’t. He only cries. He is a six-month-old baby.

英語にしなさい。

1. 9時半でいいですか？（9時半はOKですか？）

2. 私は去年は高校生でした。今は大学生です。

3. 兄は小学校では恥ずかしがりやでした。
Pair Work

旅行の行き先について、パートナーの相談に乗ることにしました。□の中の語を使って疑問文を作り、パートナーに質問して行き先を決めてあげましょう。

▼Start▼
you / interested in sports？
例）Are you interested in sports？①
No
you / go shopping with your friends？③
Yes/No
you / outgoing？⑤
Yes/No
you / busy / last week？⑦
Yes/No
you / see any romantic movies / last year？⑨
No/Yes
you / live in a big city？②
Yes/No
you / like winter？④
Yes/No
you / like animals？⑥
No/Yes
you / want to relax？⑧
Yes/No
you / have a driver’s license？⑩
Yes/No

△How about…？△
Ski Tour in the Alps
Enjoy a railway trip in Switzerland！
Riding a Camel in Egypt
Let’s go to the Pyramids and to the Sphinx！
Cruise in the Mediterranean
Let’s dance and eat great food！
Visit the Public Bath in Your Town
Go to the Super Sento and save money！
Drive the Countryside in England
Visit small villages and old castles！

Let’s Write

あなたの家族を紹介してみましょう。性格や食べ物の好き嫌いなど、自由に書きましょう。